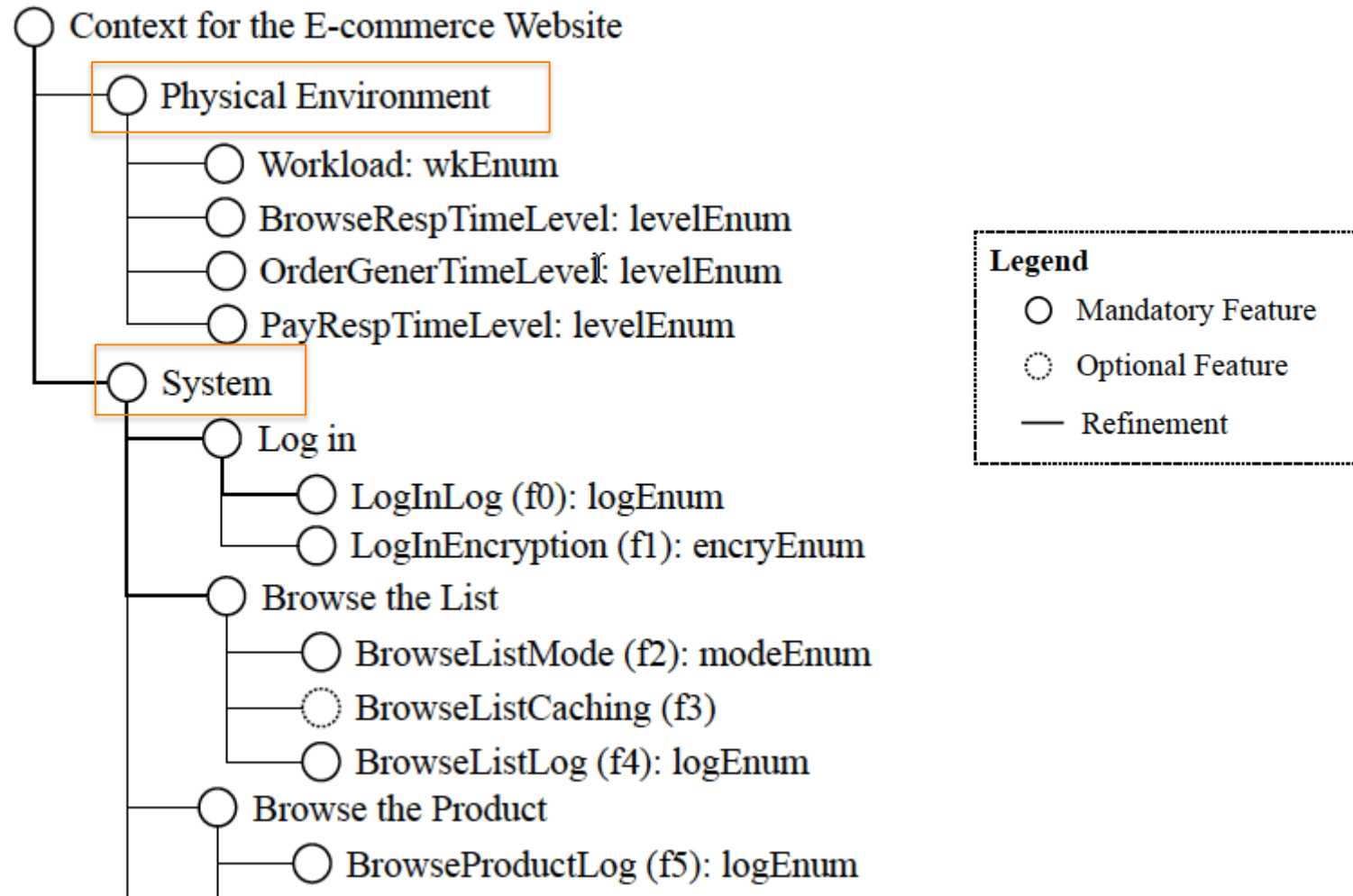


# A View-based Approach to Software Adaptation

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Joint work with Tianqi Zhao (PKU), Tao Zan  
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# E-Commerce System: Context Feature Model



Chen, Bihuan; Peng, Xin; Yu, Yijun; Nuseibeh, Bashar and Zhao, Wenyun (2014). Self-adaptation through incremental generative model transformations at runtime. In: 36th International Conference on Software Engineering (ICSE 2014), 31 May-7 June, 2014, Hyderabad, India, ACM/IEEE.

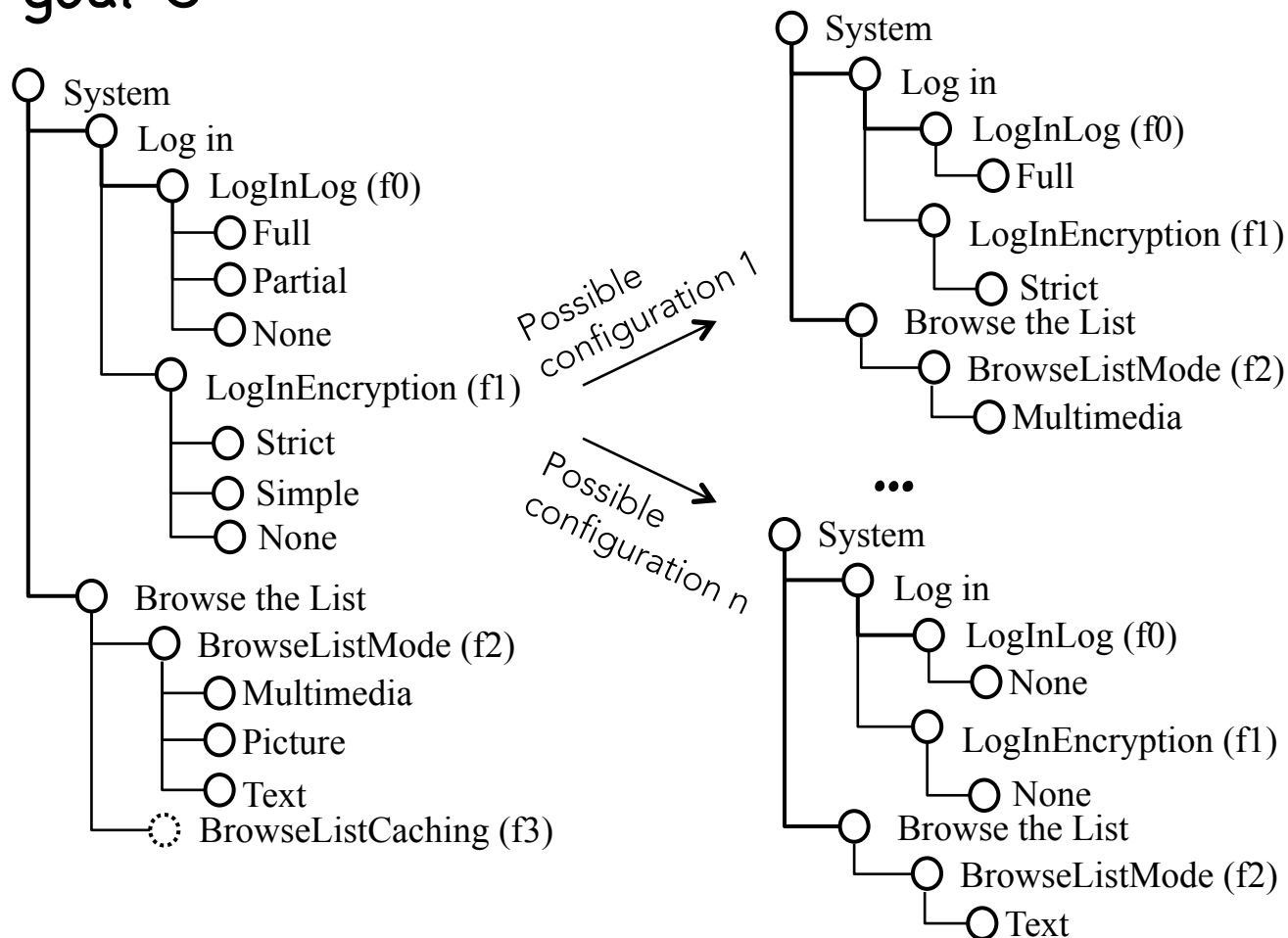
## E-Commerce System: Goals

- quick browse response (g1)
- quick order generation (g2)
- quick payment response (g3)
- high usability (g4)
- High security (g5)
- high reliability (g6)

$$G = \sum_{i=1}^6 w_i g_i$$

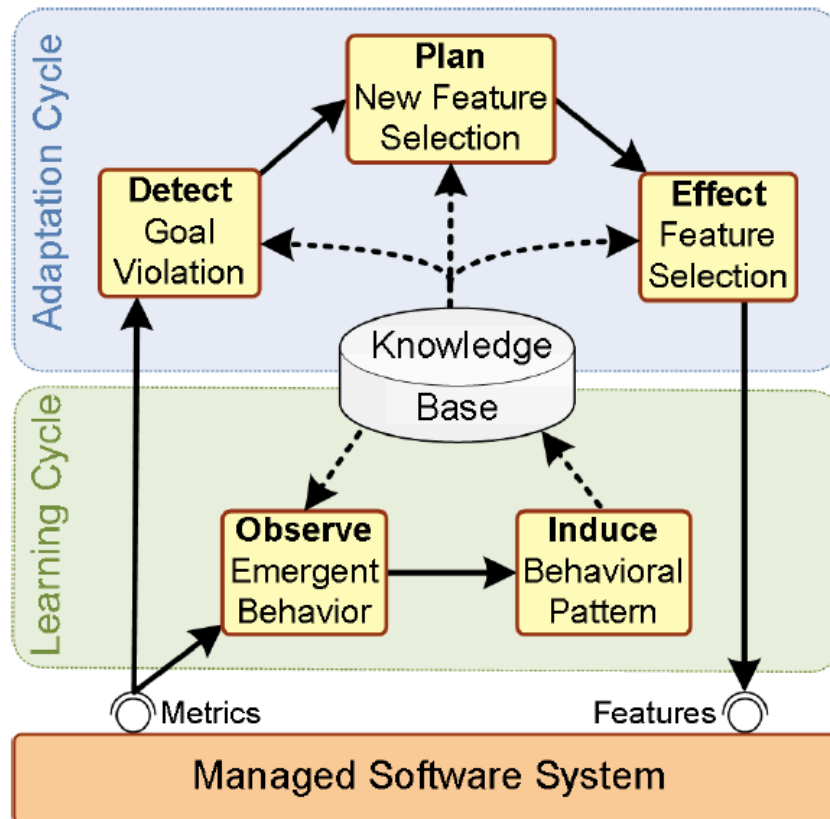
# Goal-Oriented Adaptation

- reduces the dynamic adaptation as an **optimization process** to find a configuration that maximizes the goal G



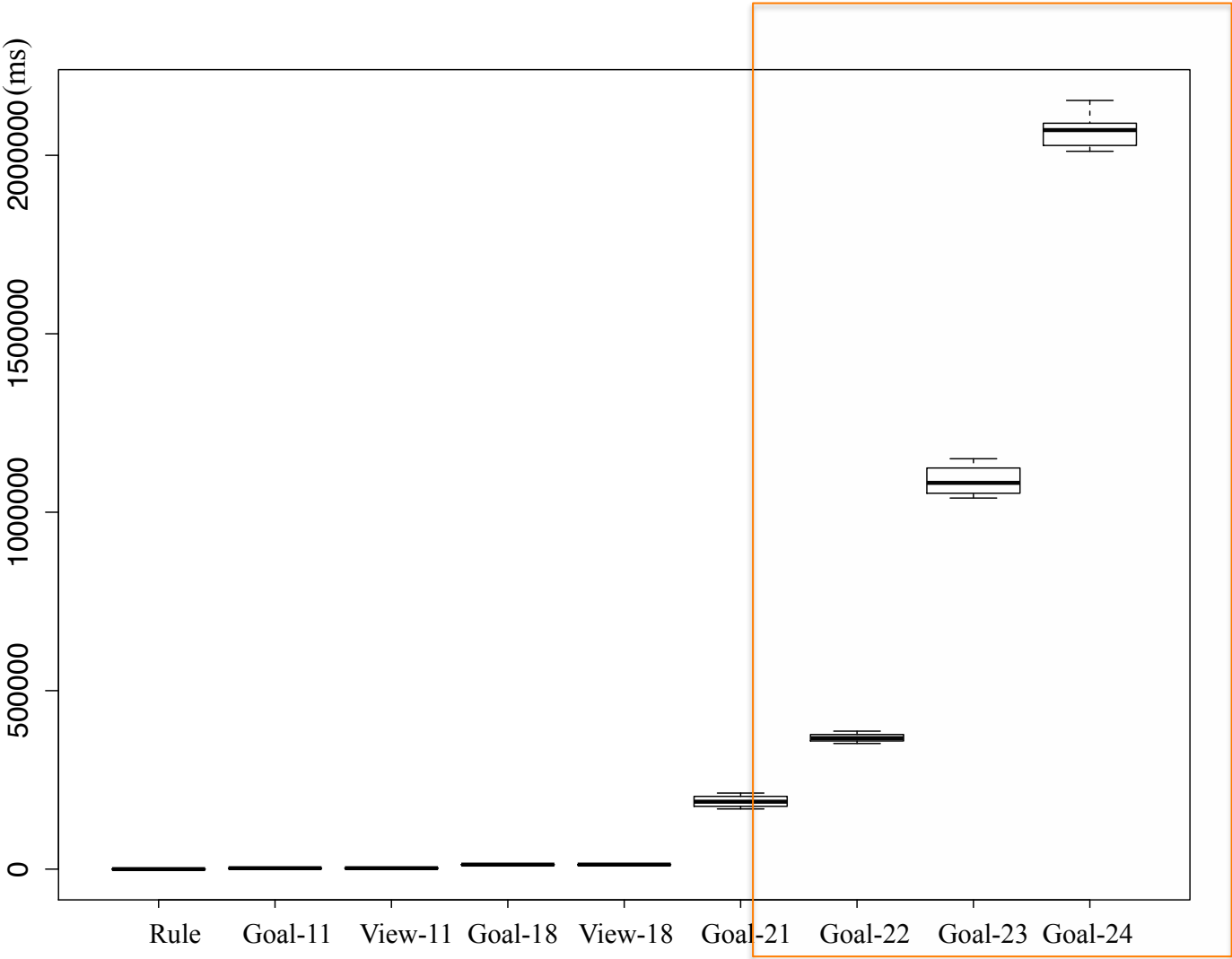
# Goal-Oriented Adaptation

- can be well combined with **online learning process**



		User goals	
		Quick Browse Response	High Security
Login Log	Full	-1.6	+3.1
	Partial	-1	+2.2
	None	+3	-0.7
Login Encryption	Strict	-4	+3.7
	Simple	-3.5	+1.6
	None	+4	-1.1

# The Efficiency Problem



# Rule-based Adaptation

- Encoding the adaptation logic as a set of rules:

$VerificationType = Strict \wedge Workload = High$   
 $\Rightarrow PayLog := None; PayEncryption := None$

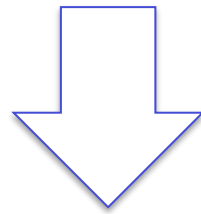
condition

Action

👍 Efficient

👎 May conflict with the goal

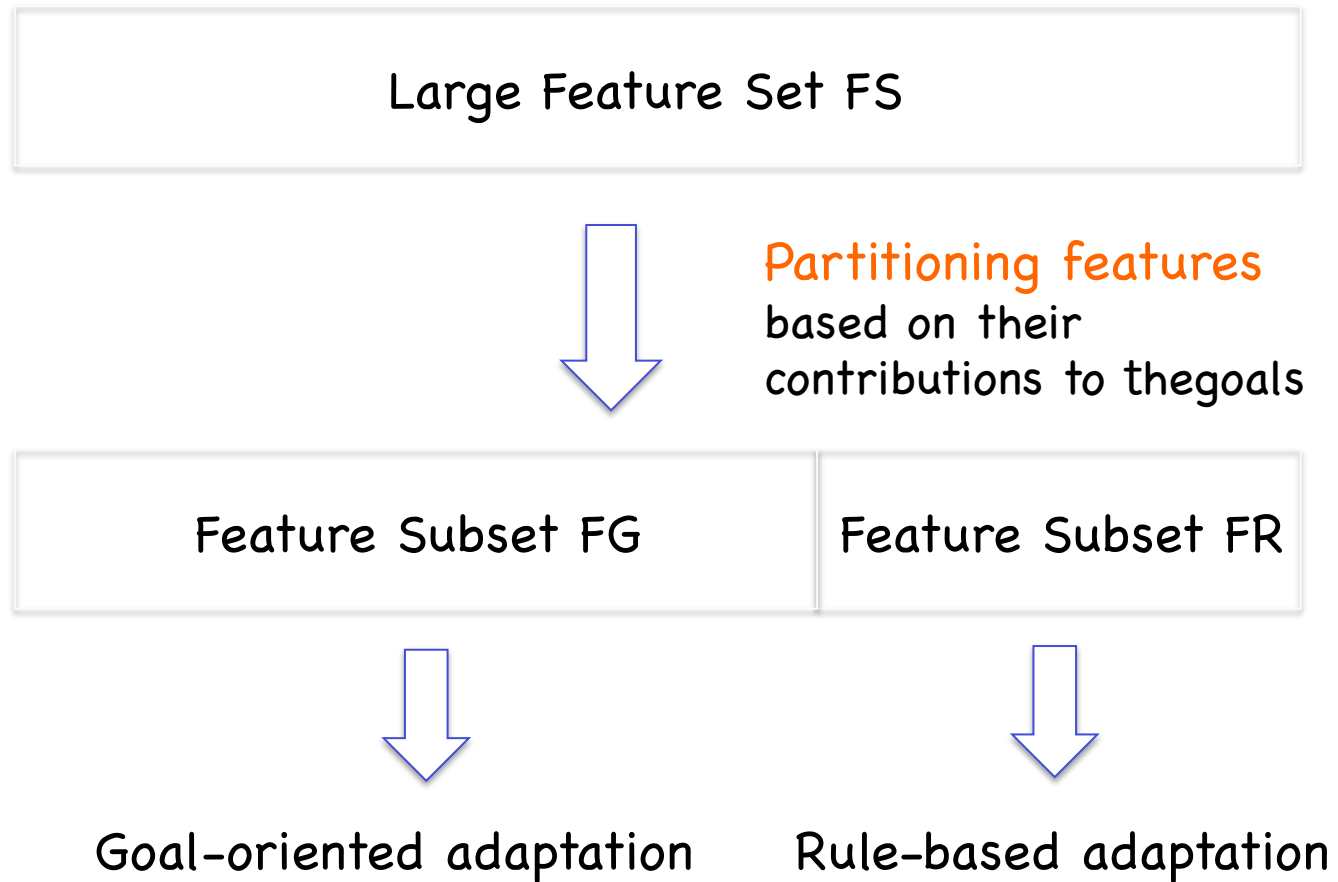
- Can we combine the advantages of both goal-oriented (**guaranteeing goal satisfactory**) and rule-based adaptation (**being efficient**) ?



View-based Approach



# Basic Idea



## A Challenge

- How to guarantee that the rule-based adaptation can **keep the goal satisfactory** achieved from the goal-oriented adaptation?



Introduce *view* to bridge the gap between goals and rules.  
(*view* denotes a state that captures a specific user intention)

## View-based Rules (vRules)

- Introduce **invariant** views to rules

$$v \wedge C \Rightarrow \dot{A} \quad \begin{array}{l} - \text{ State } v \text{ is preserved by } A \\ - A; A = A \end{array}$$



$$v \vdash C \Rightarrow A$$

To preserve view  $v$ , if  $C$  then do  $A$ .

# View-based Rule Examples

*VerificationType = Strict*

$\vdash \text{PayRespTimeLevel} = 5 \wedge \text{Workload} = \text{High}$

$\Rightarrow \text{VerificationDesign} := \text{Parallel}; \text{PayLog} := \text{None}$

*VerificationType = Strict*

$\vdash \text{VerificationDesign} = \text{Sequential} \wedge \text{Workload} = \text{High}$

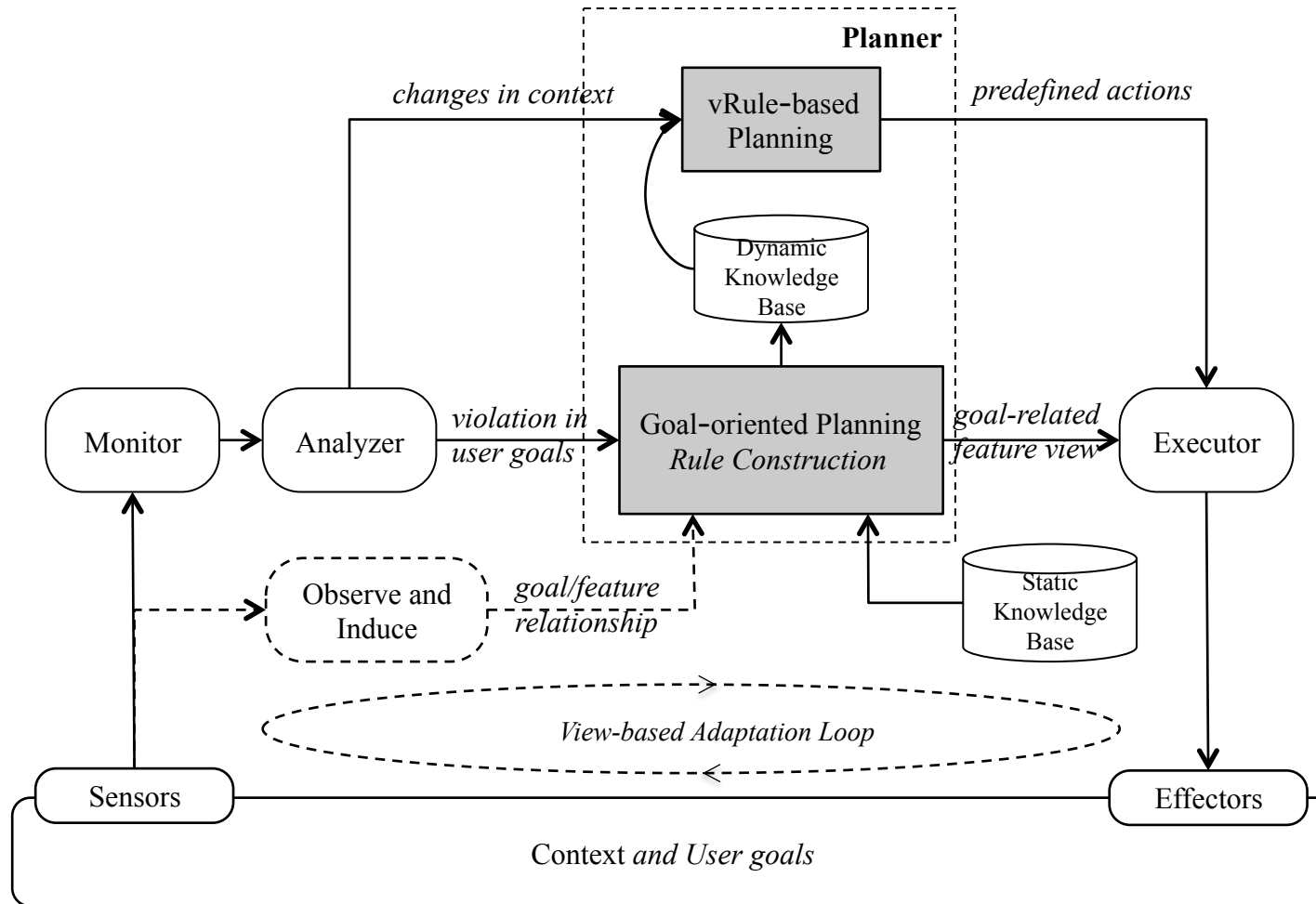
$\Rightarrow \text{VerificationType} := \text{Simple}; \text{PayLog} := \text{None}$

*VerificationDesign = Sequential*

$\vdash \text{VerificationType} = \text{Strict} \wedge \text{Workload} = \text{High}$

$\Rightarrow \text{VerificationType} := \text{Simple}; \text{PayLog} := \text{None}$

# View-based Adaptation Framework

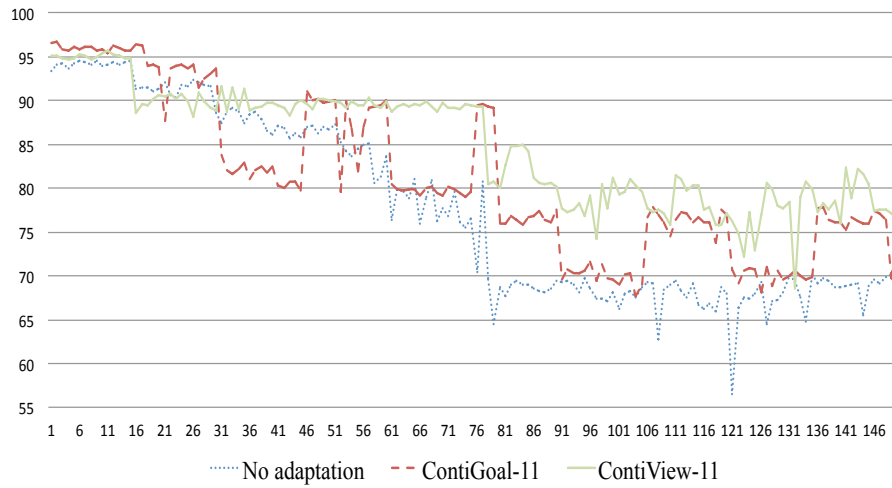


# Evaluation

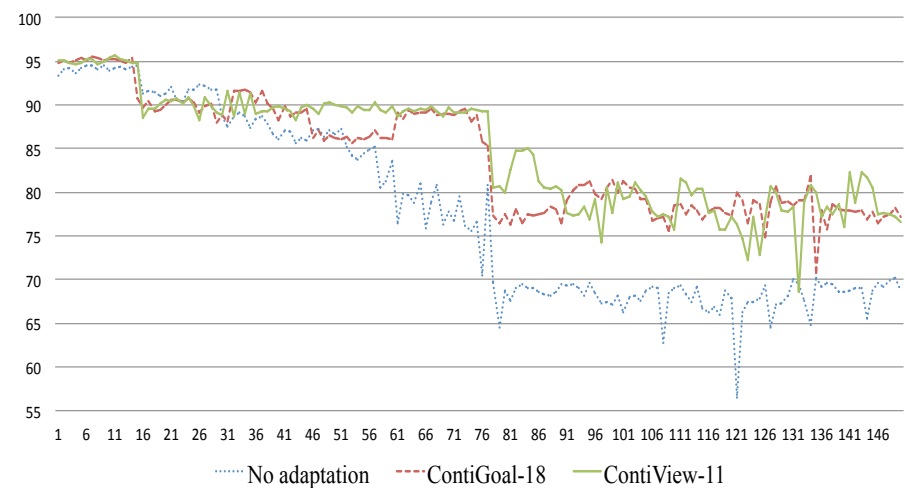


- We have implemented the e-commerce website in Java, and imposed different adaptation logics into the same website:
  - The traditional **goal-oriented approach**
  - The traditional **rule-based adaptation approach**
  - The **view-based approach**

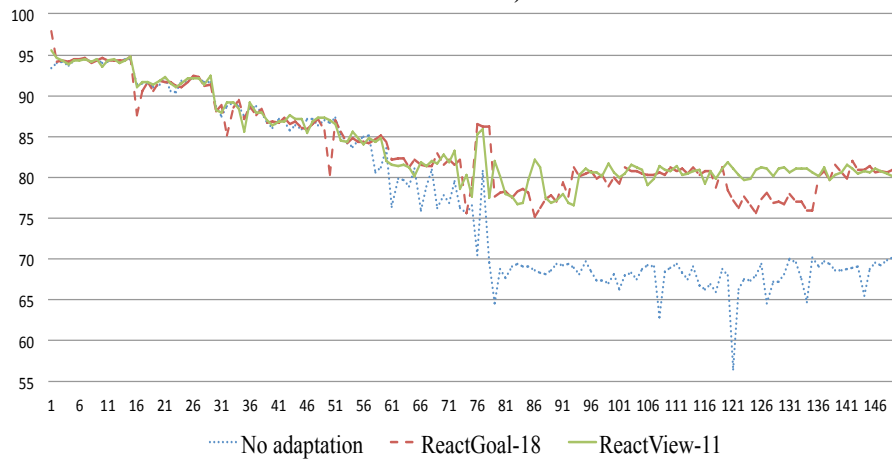
# Experimental Results



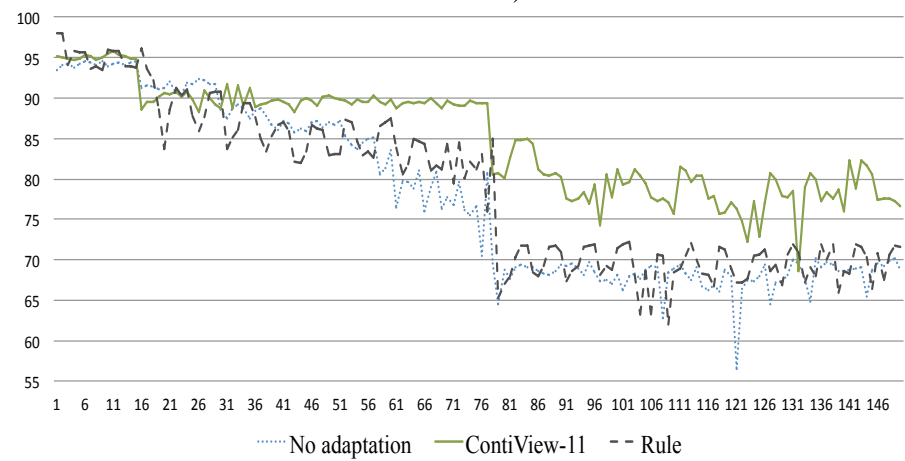
a)



b)



c)



d)

## Conclusion



- A new **view-based adaptation framework**
  - combine the advantages of both learning-based goal-oriented adaptation and the rule-based adaptation
- A novel concept of **view-based rules**
  - an invariant view is introduced for structuring traditional adaptation rules and relating them with goals.
- Two newly developed **algorithms**
  - One is for the automatic derivation of views, and the other is for dynamic construction of well-behaved goal-related view-based rule set.
- A **self-adaptive ecommerce website**
  - confirm the usefulness of the new approach



Where is the view-based idea originated?

# 0<sup>th</sup> Shonan Meeting on Bidirectional Transformation, 2008



Krzysztof Czarnecki, J. Nathan Foster, Zhenjiang Hu, Ralf Lammel, Andy Schurr, James F. Terwilliger, **Bidirectional Transformations: A Cross-Discipline Perspective**, International Conference on Model Transformation, ETH Zurich, Switzerland, June 29–July 3 2009.