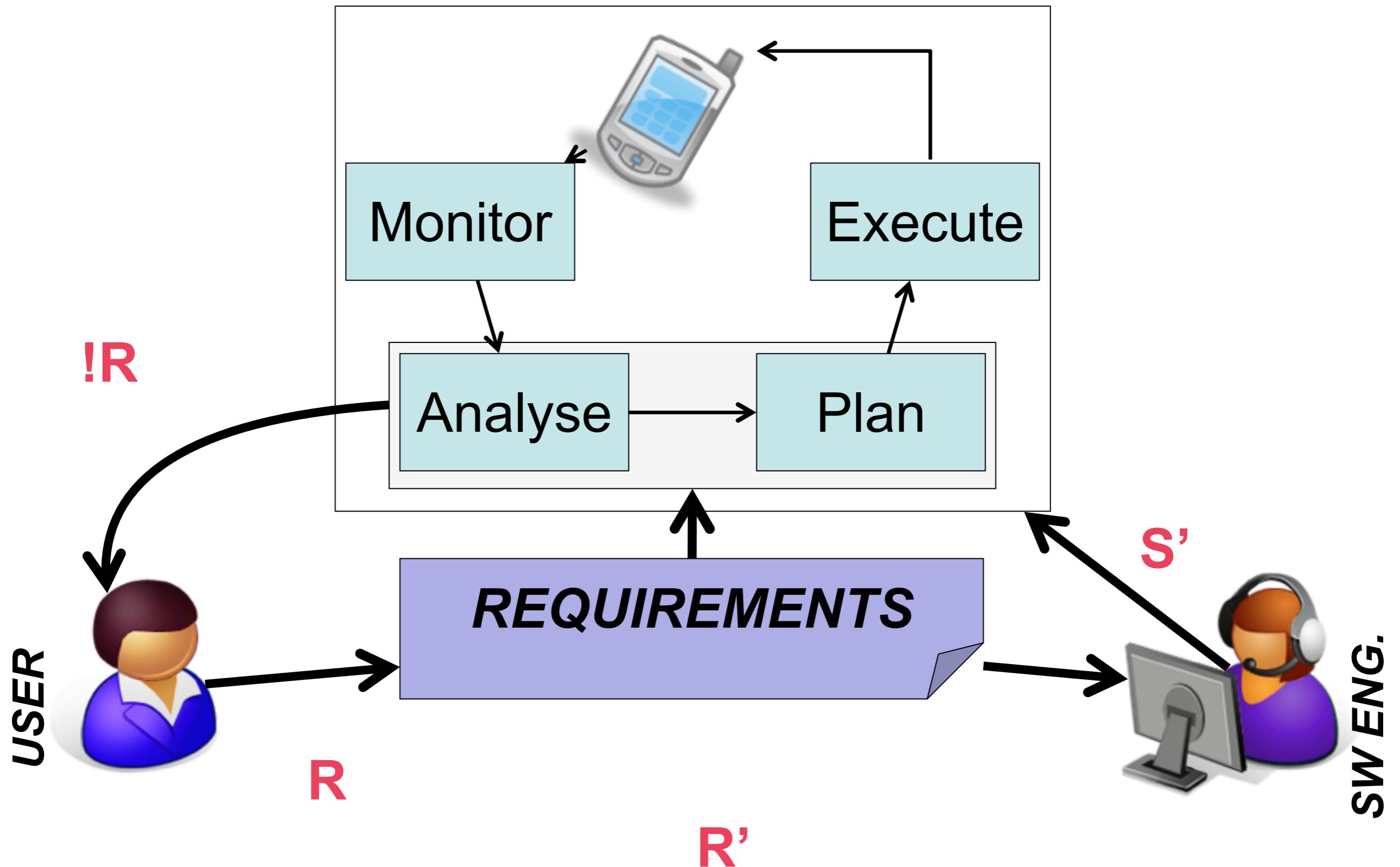


Part IV

ENGINEERING ADAPTIVE PRIVACY

Arosha Bandara

Adaptive Systems



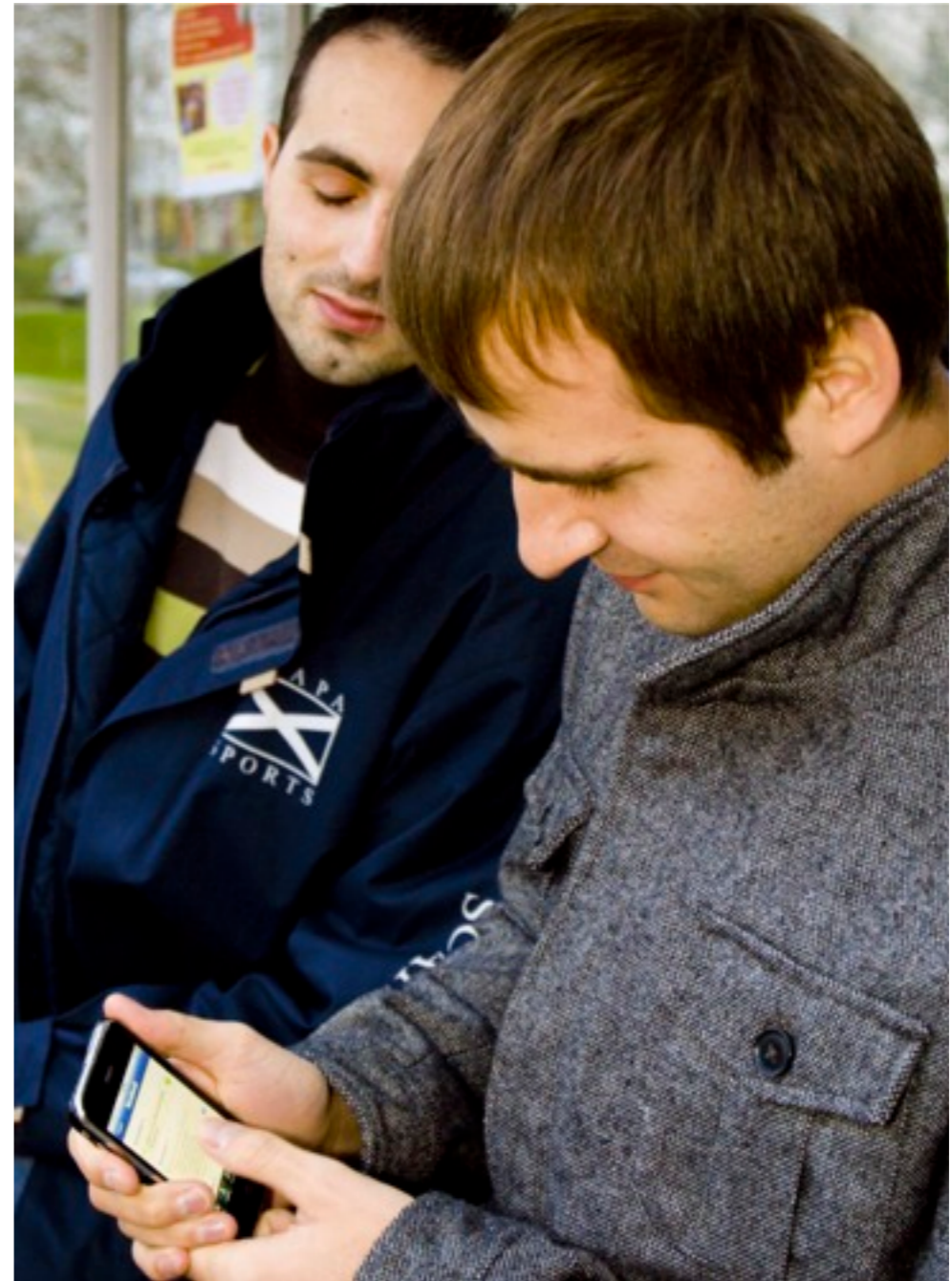
Privacy Theory

- **Bi-directionality** (Altmann)
 - **Output:** sharing information with others
 - **Input:** sensing activity of others, previous experience, etc.



Privacy Requirements

- Gathering mobile privacy requirements is difficult because ...
 - privacy is sensitive and depends on socio-cultural context.
 - mobility introduces contextual shifts and logistical obstacles.

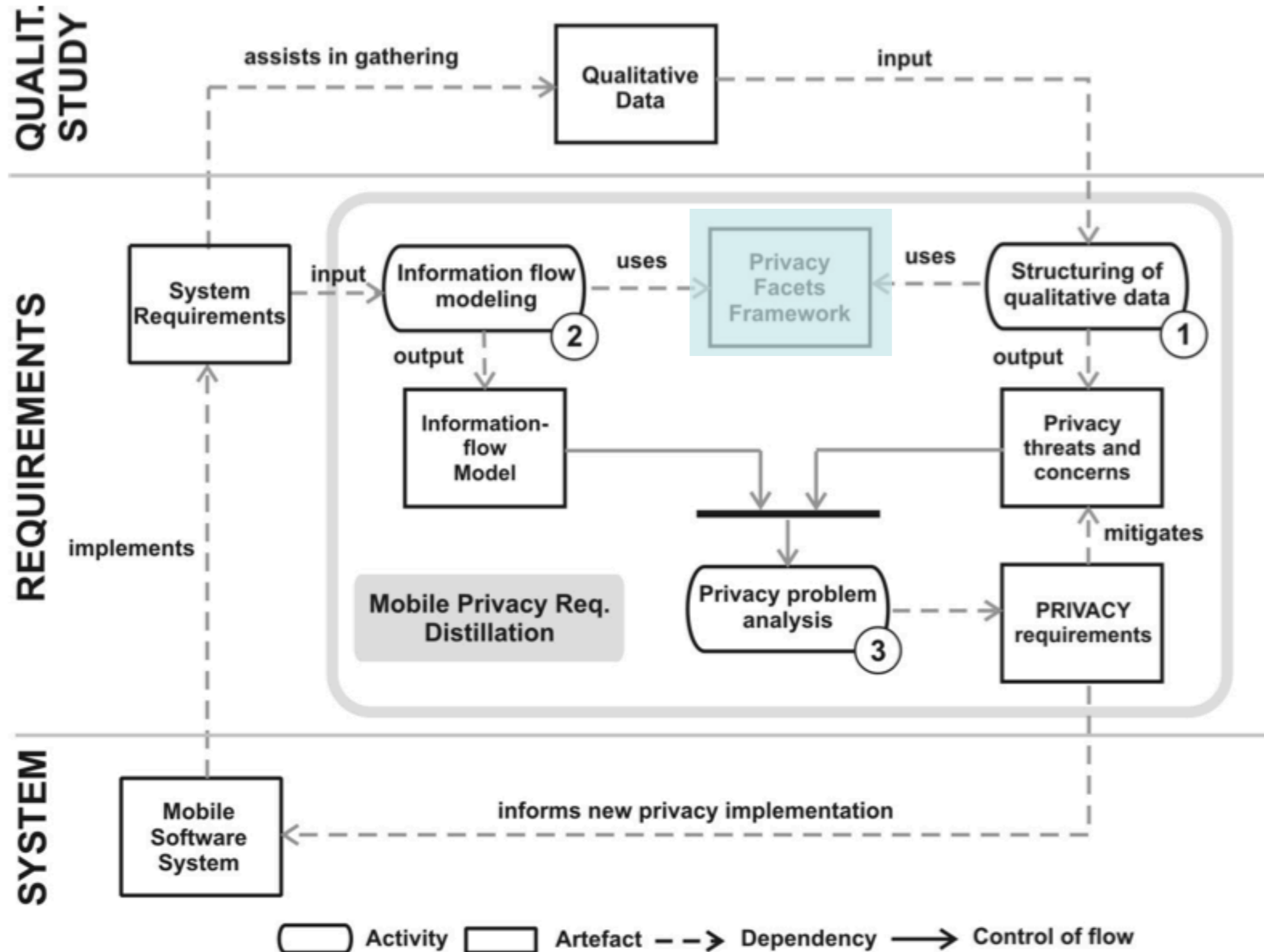


Privacy Requirements

- It is also difficult ...
 - for people to articulate subtle concerns and preferences.
 - for analysts to observe emergent, contextualised behaviour.



Distillation Process



Privacy Facets Framework

- Used to structure qualitative data and produce information flow models:

Qualitative Data:

anything I feel is private to myself I keep it to myself. I have a lot of good friends so if I want to share it I am happy to share it with all my friends. If there was something private, that is more close to me, like a girl that I liked and I wanted to share it with a friend I would do that in person rather than on Facebook

Behaviour Patterns
Emotional Indicators

Privacy Facet Questions:
Threats & Determinants

Information
Problem Patterns

Information

Actor

Place

Information
Flow

Privacy Facets Framework

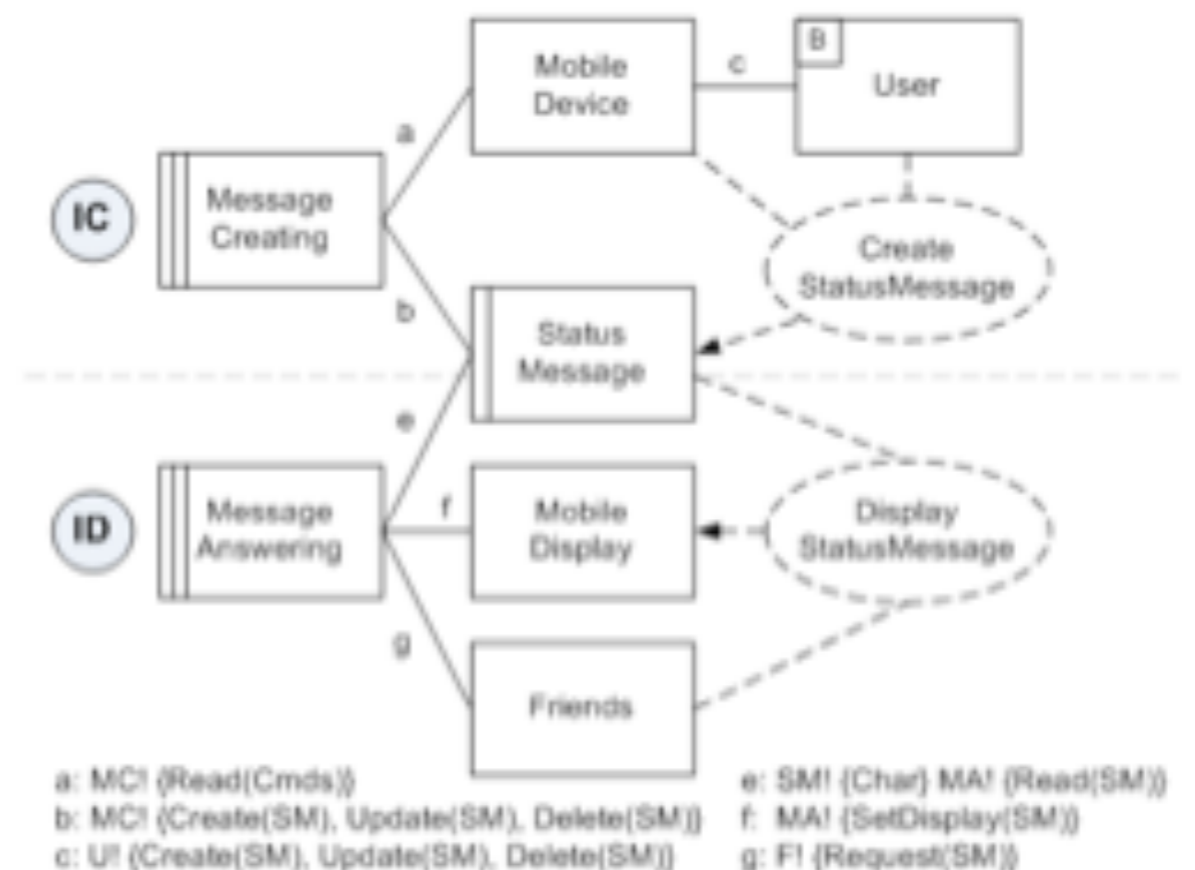
- Used to structure qualitative data and produce information flow models:

Behaviour Patterns
Emotional Indicators

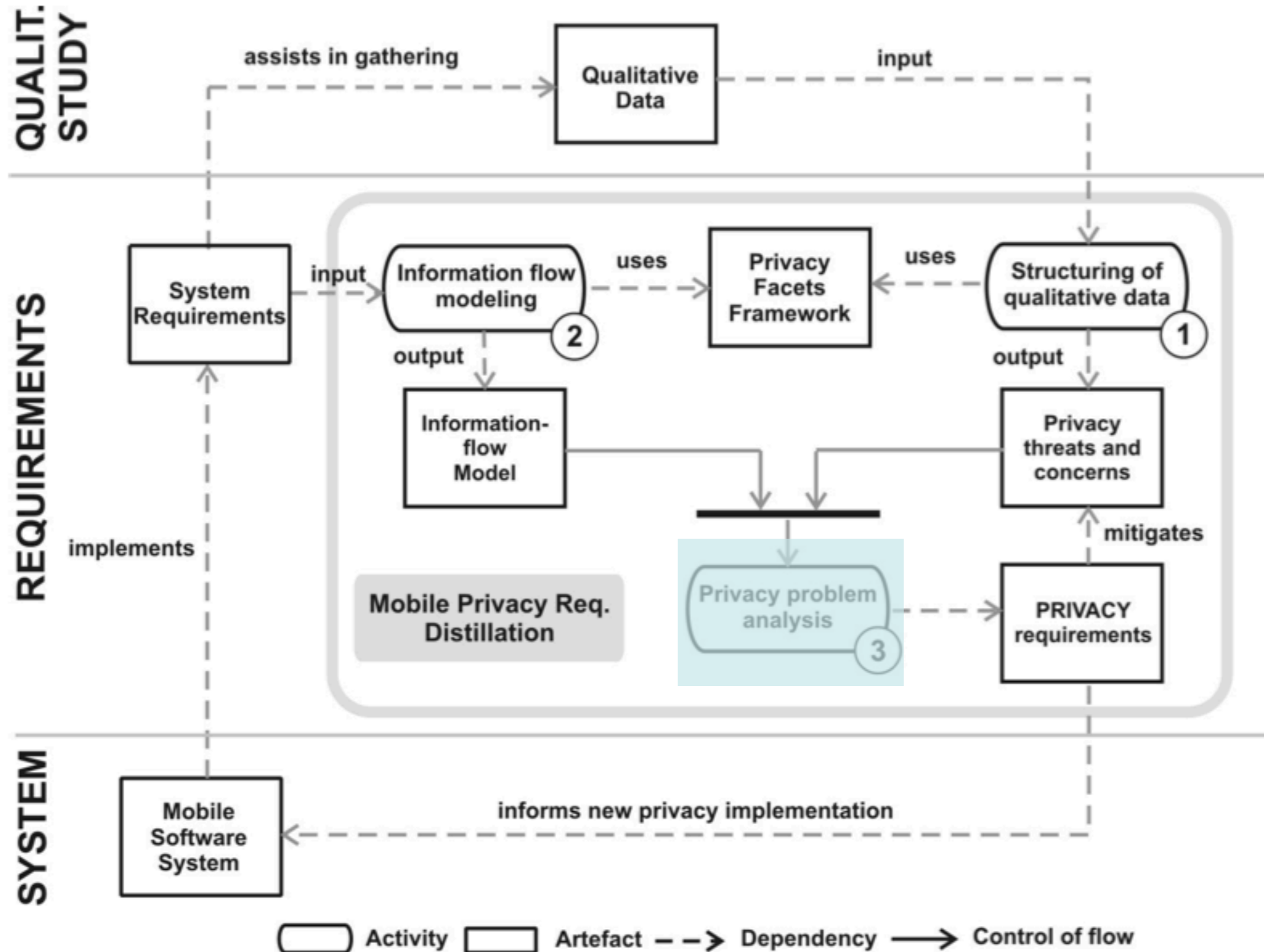
Privacy Facet Questions:
Threats & Determinants

Information
Problem Patterns

Qualitative Data:
*anything I feel is **private** to myself I keep it to myself. I have a lot of good friends so if I want to share it I am **happy** to share it with **all my friends**. If there was **something private**, that is more close to me, **like a girl that I liked and I wanted to share it with a friend** I would do that in person rather than on Facebook*



Distillation Process



Privacy Argument

argument: MFb_CloseFriends_Norm

PN1 "<<User>> can only share Status Messages with close friends" {

supported by

F1 "<<User>> has close friends"

F2 "<<User>> creates sensitive msg"

F32 "<<User>> wants sensitive msg to be seen by close friends only"

F4 "Close friends want to see sensitive message"

warranted by

R1 "<<User>> inputs sensitive message into status message field"

R2 "When a close-friend taps the Fb icon on his mobile device, the application opens with sensitive status message displayed"}

argument: MFb_Exposure_Concern

PC2 "Status messages are considered as non-sensitive by the system" **rebutts**

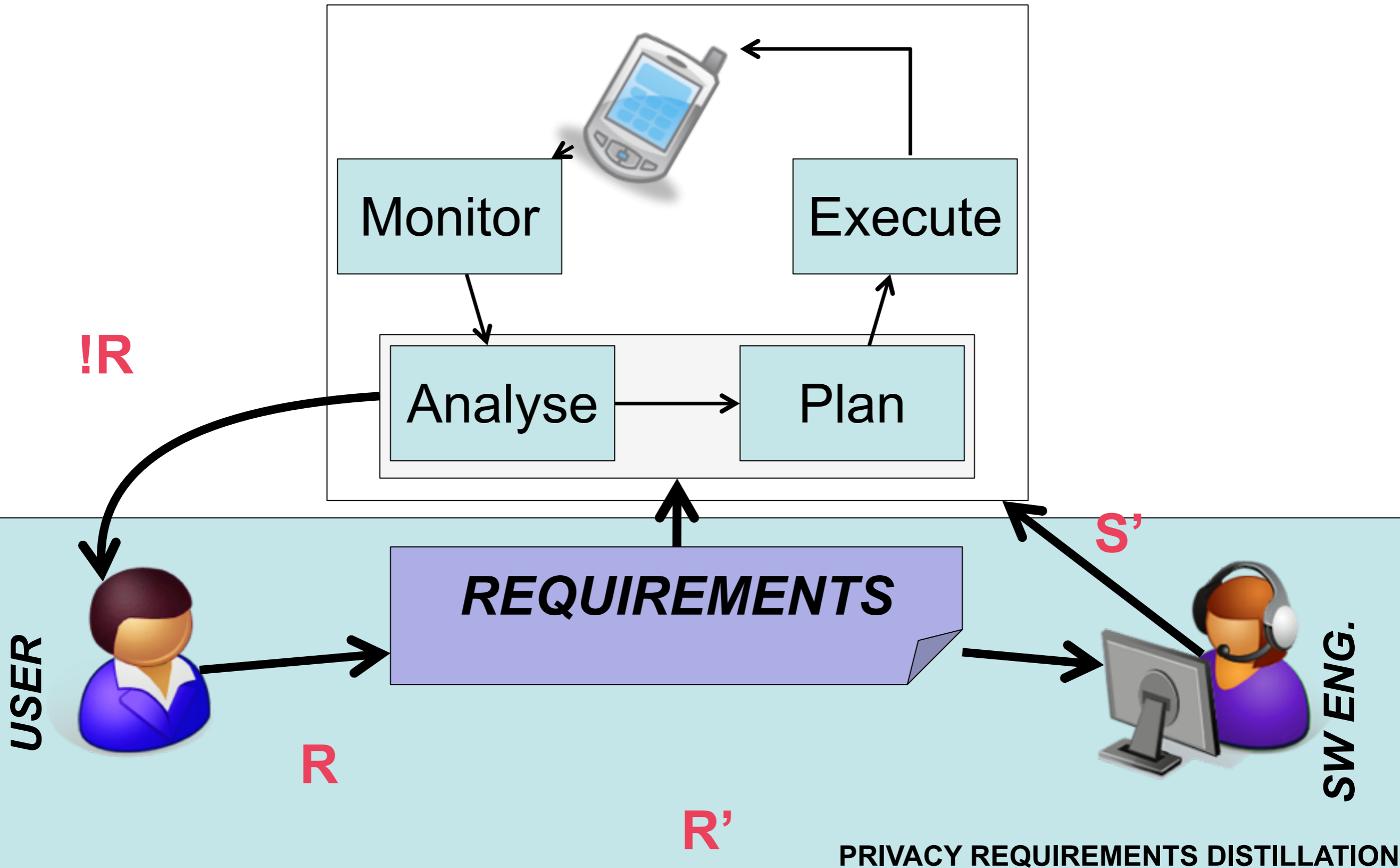
PN1 {

supported by

F6 "User is unable to classify a status message as being sensitivity or non-sensitive"

F7 "The system is unable to differentiate between sensitive and non-sensitive status message"}

Engineering Adaptive Privacy



Summary

- Adaptive software systems must be capable of including end-users and software engineers in adaptation loop:
 - To handle end-user requirements that are highly individual, contextual and emergent, e.g., privacy
 - To allow evolution of the software when automated adaptation is not able to meet users' requirements.
- ***Privacy Requirements Distillation*** process offers systematic approach to analysing qualitative user experience data to extract requirements.